

B2U2 Wildlife Protection 一轮复习课第 1 课 课时作业

一、词性转换。

1. adj.合法的_____ adj.非法的_____ adv.非法地_____
2. vi.&vt.打猎;搜寻_____ n.猎人_____ n.打猎_____
3. n.恐慌;警报 vt.使惊恐_____ adj.害怕的_____ adj.惊人的_____
4. n.速度;比率_____ n.等级;级别_____
5. adj.已灭绝的_____ n.灭绝_____
6. adj.大量的 n.大量_____ adj.大而重的;非常严重的_____
7. adj.有...意识的_____ n.意识_____ adj.不知道的_____
8. vt.使遭受危险_____ adj.濒危的_____
- n.危险_____ adj.危险的_____
9. n.王子;亲王_____ n.公主;王妃_____
10. vt.涉及;让...担忧 n.担心_____ adj.担心的_____
- prep.关于;涉及_____
11. vt.使适应 vi.适应_____ n.适应_____ adj.能适应的_____
12. n.保护区 vt.预订_____ n.预订_____
13. v.按;压_____ n.压力_____
14. vt.观察;遵守_____ n.观察;遵守_____
15. n.美;美人_____ adj.美丽的_____ v.使更美丽_____
16. v.提醒;使想起_____ n.提醒人的事物_____
17. n.效果;作用;影响_____ adj.有效的;生效的_____
18. vt.去除;移开_____ n.移走;消除_____
19. vt.找回 vi.恢复_____ n.恢复;康复_____
20. vt.&vi.打算;计划_____ n.打算;计划_____
21. n.威胁_____ vt.威胁_____ adj.威胁的_____
22. vi.生存;存在_____ n.生存;存在_____
23. n.和谐;融洽_____ adj.和谐的;融洽的_____
24. vt.减少_____ n.减少_____
25. n.情感_____ adj.情感的_____
26. adj.特别的;不寻常的_____ adj.平常的;惯常的_____
27. vi.&vt.射杀_____ pt._____ pp._____

二、语法填空

1. (2023 新高考 I 改编) The number of wild animals is dropping at an _____ (alarm) rate due to _____ (legal) hunting.
2. (2021 全国乙卷改编) Many species are faced with the danger of _____ (extinct) if we do not take action.

3. (2020 全国Ⅱ改编) People are becoming more _____ (aware) of wildlife protection, and public _____ (aware) has been greatly raised.
4. (2022 新高考Ⅱ改编) Illegal hunting greatly _____ (danger) wild animals, turning many common species into _____ (endanger) ones.
5. (2019 全国Ⅲ改编) On _____ (average), we lose dozens of species every year because of human activity.
6. (2024 新课标Ⅰ改编) The local government is deeply _____ (concern) about the living conditions of Tibetan antelopes, and there is growing public _____ (concern).
7. (2018 全国Ⅰ改编) It took these animals a long time _____ (adapt) to the new _____ (live) environment in the nature reserve.
8. (2025 全国甲卷改编) Experts are taking practical _____ (measure) to reduce the _____ (press) on wildlife habitats.
9. (2017 全国Ⅲ改编) The nature _____ (reserve) offers safe living conditions, and we have made a _____ (reserve) for more wild species.
10. (2016 全国Ⅱ改编) Scientists keep _____ (observe) the behaviour of these creatures, and careful _____ (observe) helps us understand them better.
11. (2022 全国甲卷改编) The beauty of these grasslands lies in the _____ (harmony) between humans and wildlife.
12. (2020 全国Ⅲ改编) Strict rules will _____ (effect) stop _____ (profit) illegal trade of wild animal products.
13. (2021 新高考Ⅰ改编) It took nearly ten years for the deer population _____ (recover), and the _____ (recover) process was slow.
14. (2024 新高考Ⅱ改编) These trees are _____ (intend) to provide shelter for small creatures, and the _____ (intend) is to keep the ecosystem balanced.
15. (2019 全国Ⅰ改编) Climate change has become a serious _____ (threat) to wildlife, and it continues _____ (threaten) many species.
16. (2015 全国Ⅰ改编) These species have _____ (exist) for thousands of years, and their _____ (exist) should be well protected.
17. (2026 回忆版) The number of wild pandas has been _____ (reduce) greatly, and this _____ (reduce) draws wide public attention.
18. (2023 全国乙卷改编) Wildlife protection can arouse people's _____ (emotion) care for nature, and this _____ (emotion) power drives us to take action.
19. (真题变式·全国卷同源考点) The hunter was caught _____ (shoot) rare birds, and such _____ (hunt) activities are strictly banned.
20. (真题变式·全国卷同源考点) The _____ (create) of this ancient painting took over ten years. Young people should be taught to think _____ (creative).
21. (2018 全国Ⅱ) Under great _____ (press), many wild animals have to change their living areas.
22. (2022 新高考Ⅰ) The law aims _____ (remove) all illegal wildlife trade.
23. (2017 全国Ⅱ) The plain offers _____ (usual) good living conditions for Tibetan antelopes

答案：

一、

1. legal-illegal-illegally 2. hunt-hunter-hunting 3. alarm-alarmed-alarmed
4. rate-rating 5. extinct-extinction 6. mass-massive
7. aware-awareness-unaware 8. endanger-endangered-danger-dangerous
9. prince-princess 10. concern-concerned-concerning
11. adapt-adaptation-adaptable 12. reserve-reservation 13. press-pressure
14. observe-observation 15. beauty-beautiful-beautify 16. remind-reminder
17. effect-effective 18. remove-removal 19. recover-recovery
20. intend-intention 21. threaten-threaten-threatening 22. exist-existence
23. harmony-harmonious 24. reduce-reduction 25. emotion-emotional
26. unusual-usual 27. shoot-shot-shot

二、答案+词性解析

1. alarming (adj.令人惊恐的, 修饰 rate) ; illegal (adj.非法的, 修饰 hunting)
2. extinction (n.灭绝, 介词 of 后接名词)
3. aware (adj.有意识的, be/become aware of 固定短语) ; awareness (n.意识, 形容词 public 后接名词)
4. endangers (v.危及, 主语为动名词, 谓语用第三人称单数) ; endangered (adj.濒危的, 修饰 species)
5. average (n.平均数, on average 固定短语)
6. concerned (adj.担忧的, be concerned about 固定搭配) ; concern (n.担忧, 形容词 public 后接名词)
7. to adapt (不定式, 固定句型 It takes sb. time to do sth.) ; living (adj.生存的, 修饰 environment)
8. measures (n.措施, 复数表多条举措, take measures 固定短语) ; pressure (n.压力, 定冠词 the 后接名词)
9. reserve (n.保护区, nature reserve 固定搭配) ; reservation (n.预留, 不定冠词 a 后接名词)
10. observing (v.观察, keep doing sth.持续做某事) ; observation (n.观测, 形容词 careful 后接名词)
11. harmony (n.和谐, 定冠词 the 后接名词, in harmony 固定短语)
12. effectively (adv.有效地, 修饰动词 stop) ; profitable (adj.有利可图的, 修饰 trade)
13. to recover (不定式, 固定句型 It took + 时间 + for sth. to do) ; recovery (n.恢复, 形容词后接名词)
14. intended (adj.预定的, be intended to do 固定结构) ; intention (n.目的, 定冠词 the 后接名词)
15. threat (n.威胁, 不定冠词 a 后接名词) ; to threaten/threatening (continue to do/doing sth.)
16. existed (v.生存, 现在完成时 have+过去分词) ; existence (n.生存, 形容词性物主代词 their 后接名词)
17. reduced (v.减少, 现在完成被动 has been done) ; reduction (n.下降, 指示代词 this 后接名词)
18. emotional (adj.情感的, 修饰名词 care) ; emotional (adj.情感的, 修饰 power)
19. shooting (v.捕猎, catch sb. doing sth.撞见某人正在做某事) ; hunting (adj.狩猎的, 修饰 activities)
20. creation ; creatively 21. pressure 22. to remove 23. unusually